

Дата: 18.10.2023

Група № 25

Урок № 1-2

Тема уроку: «Political system of Great Britain»

**Мета уроку:** ознайомити здобувачів освіти з новою лексикою; вивчити адміністративний та політичний устрій Великобританії; навчити учнів розповідати про країну, мову якої вивчають, використовуючи нову та раніше вивчену лексику, а також граматичні конструкції.

### Матеріал уроку:

#### I. Read and translate the text

The British Isles lie in the north-west of Europe. They consist of two large islands, Great Britain and Ireland, and many smaller ones. Great Britain the largest island in Europe, includes England, Scotland and Wales. It separated from Ireland by the Irish Sea, and from the Continent by the English Channel and the Straits of Dover. Great Britain and Northern Ireland form the United Kingdom (UK).

The surface of England and Ireland is flat, but the surface of Scotland and Wales is mountainous. The mountains are almost all in the western part. The highest mountain in the United Kingdom is Ben Nevis in Scotland (1343 m). The longest river is the Severn. It is in the south-west of England. The Thames is not so long as the Severn, it is shorter. The sea enters deeply into the land and has a great influence on the climate, which is damp but rather mild: the winter is not very cold and the summer is not very hot.

Over 57 million people live in the United Kingdom. Most of the people of Great Britain live in big towns and cities.

The capital of the country is London. The main industrial centres are Sheffield and Birmingham where iron goods are made, Manchester, the cotton centre of England, and others.

The important ports of the country are London, Liverpool, Glasgow and others.

#### II. Read and translate sentences

1. The Union Jack is the popular name given to the flag of Great Britain. It is a mixture of several flags. It all began in 1606 when Scotland was joined to England and Wales.



2. The Scottish flag is blue with a white cross from corner to corner. Its symbol is the thistle.

3. The English flag is white with Red Cross. Its symbol is red rose.

4. The Irish flag is white with a red cross from corner to corner. Its national symbol is a shamrock

and a red hand.

5. The Welsh flag is white and green with a red dragon in the middle of it. Its symbol is daffodil.

### III. Read and translate the text

#### **Political System of Great Britain**

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland is constitutional monarchy. This means that Great Britain is governed by the Parliament and the Queen is Head of State.

The legislative power in the country is exercised by the Houses of Parliament. The British Parliament consists of two chambers: the House of Lords and the House of Commons. The House of Lords is composed of hereditary and life peers and peeresses. The members of the House of Commons are elected by the



people. They are elected from the constituencies in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. The House of Commons is the real governing body of the United Kingdom.

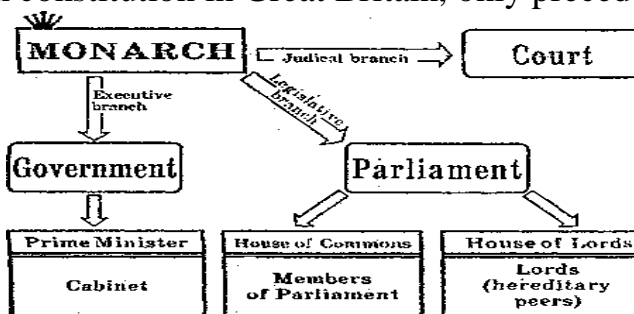
The executive power is exercised by Prime Minister and his Cabinet. The government is usually formed by the political party which is supported by the majority in the House of Commons. Prime Minister is the majority party leader and is appointed by the Queen. Prime Minister chooses a team of ministers; twenty of the ministers are in the Cabinet.

The second largest party becomes the official opposition with its own leader and the Shadow Cabinet. The two leading parties in Great Britain are the Conservative Party (the Tories)

and the Labour Party.

The judiciary branch of the government determines common law and is independent of both the legislative and the executive branches.

There is no written constitution in Great Britain, only precedents and traditions.



**Домашнє завдання:**

**Answer the questions:**

1. What does the term «constitutional monarchy» mean?
2. What body (орган) exercises the legislative power in the country?
3. How are the chambers of the Parliament composed?
4. What body exercises the executive power?
5. How is the executive branch of the government formed?
6. What is the official opposition?
7. What does the judiciary branch of the government do?
8. Is there a written Constitution in Great Britain?

**Росоха Наталія Миколаївна - [nataross2017@gmail.com](mailto:nataross2017@gmail.com)**

**У темі листа вказувати Ваше ПІБ, № групи, назву предмета, номер уроку.**